

ECPCP



Accidents prevention and patient safety in PPC and in the community

The italian situation

Vilnius 19-21 ottobre 2019

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Most prominent causes for fatal childhood accidents in Italy

1. Road traffic crashes
2. Drowning
3. Poisoning
4. Thermal injuries
5. Falls

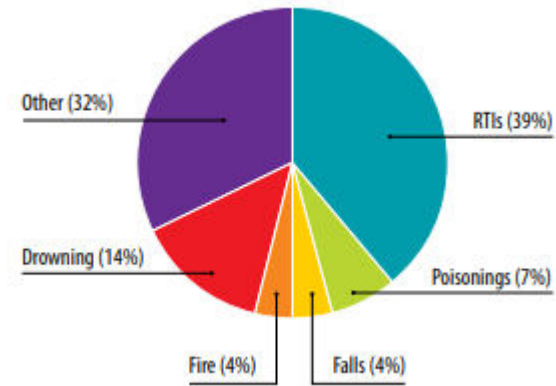
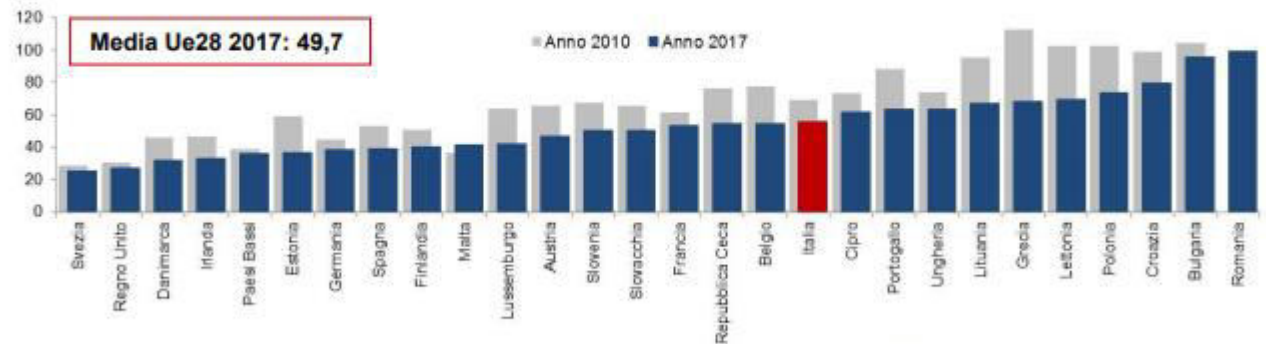


FIGURA 2. TASSO DI MORTALITÀ STRADALE NEI PAESI EUROPEI (UE28) (a). Anno 2010 e 2017



(a) Morti per milione di abitanti; Fonte: European Transport Safety Council, Annual PIN report. Year 2018 - <https://etsc.eu/12th-annual-road-safety-performance-index-pin-report/>

Governmental authorities/professional societies supporting safety

- **Ministero della Sanità** (*piano nazionale/regionale ASL prevenzione 2014-2018- guida per genitori-bambini sicuri* <http://salute.gov.it/injury>)
- **Istituto Superiore di Sanità ISS** (*Centro Nazionale di Epidemiologia Sorveglianza e Promozione della salute* **CNESPS**, *sistema informativo per la Sorveglianza delle esposizioni pericolose e delle intossicazioni* **SIN-SEPI**, *Centro anti veleni* **CAV**)
- **Centro Nazionale Prevenzione e Controllo Malattie CCM** (*bimbi in auto: vision zero according to municipal police*)
- **Ministero dei Trasporti**
- **Ministero Pubblica Istruzione**
- **Vigili del Fuoco**
- **Centro Salute Bambini CSB** in cooperation with **Associazione Culturale Pediatri ACP** (*genitori più* www.genitoripiu.it)

Most important measures for prevention of childhood accidents

- **Communication campaigns** *in specific settings to encourage modifying life-style, manufacturing products, building houses, environment*
 - better with free distribution of security tools*
- **Promote legislation about:**
 - Road traffic crashes: *speed limits and alcohol/drug abuse helmets use, seat belts and proper seating position for children*
 - Drowning: *swimming-pools surveillance-fences*
 - Thermal injuries: *reduce water temperature, smoke-alarms*
 - Falls: *safety measures (windows bars and locks, secure playgrounds...)*

PCP contribution

- Parents empowerment during well-baby check
- Identification of risk population and factors
- Coordination with nurses and teachers for educational campaigns
- Suggestion of web-links
- Distribution of printed materials
- Posters/educational video in waiting rooms

What should ECPCP do?

- Collect data *mortality, morbidity, exposure, costs.....*
- Coordinate with *EURO SAFE, European Child Safety Alliance, International Society for Child and Adolescent Injury Prevention, European Accademy of Pediatrics and the Safe Communities movement.....*
- Advocate to policy-makers to improve already existing legislation
- Share the evidence based best practices for PPC
- Promote multidisciplinary teams and train personell
- Propose an handbook on injury prevention for PPC

Useful italian links

- www.epicentro.iss.it/focus.piano_prevenzione/in_dice_prevenzione.asp
- www.guadagnaresalute.it
- www.dors.it
- www.retepromozionesalute.it
- www.ccm-network.it/home.html
- www.azioniquotidiani.info
- www.normattiva.it
- www.saluteinternazionale.info
- www.quaderniacp.it.